



# VisionAid Personal Protective Equipment Wipes

## WITH ALCOHOL

### Safety Data Sheet

Date of Issue: 02/04/2013

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Version: 1.2

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

### 1.1. Product Identifier

Product form : Mixture  
Product name : VisionAid PPE Wipes *Contains Alcohol*  
Product code : 1LPPE200, 1LHW200, LHW200, RW-100  
Synonyms : VisionAid / Radians PPE Wipes  
Product group : Consumer use

### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

#### 1.2.1. Relevant identified uses

Intended for general public.

Main use category : Consumer use  
Use of the substance/mixture : Cleaner  
Function or use category : Cleaning/washing agents and additives

#### 1.2.2. Uses advised against

No additional information available

### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

VisionAid, Inc.  
11 Kendrick Road  
Wareham, MA 02571

T 800-426-1881

[www.visionaidinc.com](http://www.visionaidinc.com)

### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : 800-268-9017 - Poison Information Center  
INFOTRAC

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

#### Classification according to Regulation OSHA (29CFR, 1910.1200)

Health Hazards :H303+H313+H333+H320 May be harmful if swallowed, comes in contact with skin or if inhaled.  
May cause minor eye irritation.

Physical Hazards:

Other Hazards:

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

#### Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

No additional information available

### 2.2. Label elements

#### Labelling according to Regulation OSHA (29CFR, 1910.1200)

Hazard pictograms (CLP)



GHS07

Signal word (CLP)

Warning

Hazard statements (CLP)

H320 - Causes eye irritation

Precautionary statements (CLP)

P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing  
P337+P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

### 2.3. Other hazards

No additional information available

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.1. Substances

Not applicable

### 3.2. Mixture

Name	Product Identifier	%	Classification according to Regulation OSHA (29CFR, 1910.1200)
Isopropyl alcohol	(CAS No.) 67-63-0	70	Combust. Liq. 2, H227 Eye Irrit. 2, H320
Propylene Glycol	(CAS No.) 57-55-6	6-12	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H303 Skin Irrit. 2, H316 Eye Irrit. 2, H320

Full text of P-, H- phrases: see section 16

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

- First-aid measures general : If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
- First-aid measures after inhalation : If inhaled, remove to fresh air, and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Obtain medical attention if breathing difficulty persists.
- First-aid measures after skin contact : Wash skin thoroughly with mild soap and water. Obtain medical attention if irritation develops or persists.
- First-aid measures after eye contact : Immediately rinse with water for a prolonged period (at least 15 minutes) while holding the eyelids wide open. Obtain medical attention if irritation develops or persists.
- First-aid measures after ingestion : Do not induce vomiting. Seek medical attention if a large amount is swallowed.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed.

- Symptoms/injuries : Causes eye irritation.
- Symptoms/injuries after inhalation : Overexposure may be irritating to the respiratory system. In high concentrations may cause narcotic effects. Symptoms may include dizziness, headache, nausea, and loss of co-ordination.
- Symptoms/injuries after skin contact : May cause mild skin irritation.
- Symptoms/injuries after eye contact : Causes eye irritation. Liquid and vapors may cause excess blinking and tear production.
- Symptoms/injuries after ingestion : If a large quantity has been ingested: Headache. Nausea. Vomiting. Abdominal pain.
- Chronic symptoms : Repeated or prolonged skin contact may cause dermatitis and defatting.

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed.

No additional information available

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### 5.1. Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media : Powder, alcohol-resistant foam, water spray, carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>).
- Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use a heavy water stream. Use of heavy stream of water may spread fire.

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

- Fire hazard : Combustible liquid. Under conditions of fire this material may produce: Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>). Carbon monoxide.
- Explosion hazard : Product is not explosive.
- Reactivity : Stable at ambient temperature and under normal conditions of use. Do not heat above 80 °C (176 °F).

### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

- Firefighting instructions : Keep upwind. Do not breathe fumes from fires or vapors from decomposition. Vapors may cause drowsiness and dizziness. Evacuate unnecessary personnel. On heating, there is a risk of bursting due to internal pressure build-up. Cool down the containers exposed to heat with a water spray.
- Protection during firefighting : Use normal individual fire protective equipment. Wear full fire-fighting turnout gear (full Bunker gear) and respiratory protection (SCBA).

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment, and emergency procedures.

#### 6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

- Protective equipment : Wear eye protection.
- Emergency procedures : Eliminate ignition sources. Stop leak if safe to do so. Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams. Evacuate unnecessary personnel. Ventilate area.

#### 6.1.2. For emergency responders

No additional information available

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up.

- For containment : Absorb and/or contain spill with inert material, then place in suitable container. Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams.

Methods for cleaning up : Clean up any spills as soon as possible, using an absorbent material to collect it. For large or bulk quantities, after absorption with inert material, collect spillage by sweeping up spilled material and place in a labeled, sealed container for proper disposal. Use only non-sparking tools. Practice good housekeeping - spillage can be slippery on smooth surface either wet or dry.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection".

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling : Handling large quantities of product: Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed. Keep away from heat and open flame.

Hygiene measures : Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Read label before use.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities.

Storage conditions : Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep container closed when not in use. Store away from direct sunlight or other heat sources. Protect from freezing.

Incompatible materials : Strong oxidizers.

Storage temperature : < 40 °C (< 104 °F)

### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Cleaner

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1. Exposure Limits

Mixture has no listed exposure limits.

### 8.2. Appropriate engineering controls

Good mechanical ventilation may be adequate for maintaining airborne concentrations below established exposure limits for large uncontrolled releases.

If exposure limits are exceeded and inhaled : use a NOISH approved respirator.

### 8.3 Individual protection measures and personal protective equipment

General Hygiene : Practice good industrial hygiene. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of the workday. Keep product away from foodstuffs. Wash and launder all contaminated clothing before reuse.

Hand protection	: Not required for normal conditions of use.
Eye protection	: Not required for normal conditions of use.
Skin and body protection	: Not required for normal conditions of use.
Respiratory protection	: Not required for normal conditions of use. An approved organic vapor respirator/supplied air or self-contained breathing apparatus must be used when vapor concentration exceeds applicable exposure limits.
Environmental exposure controls	: Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.
Consumer exposure controls	: Not required for normal conditions of use.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	: Liquid
Appearance	: Clear
Color	: Blue
Odor	: Slight alcoholic
Odor threshold	: No data available
pH	: No data available
Relative evaporation rate (Butyl acetate=1)	: No data available
Melting point	: -6 °C (21 °F)
Freezing point	: No data available
Boiling point	: 93 °C (200 °F)
Flash point	: 82 °C (180 °F)
Self-ignition temperature	: 399 °C (750 °F) (Isopropanol)
Decomposition temperature	: No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: No data available
Vapor pressure	: 20 mm Hg (at 20 °C / 68 °F)
Relative vapor density at 20 °C	: 1
Relative density	: 0.98
Solubility	: Water: Miscible
Log Pow	: No data available
Log Kow	: No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	: No data available
Viscosity, dynamic	: No data available
Explosive properties	: None known.
Oxidizing properties	: None known.
Explosive limits	: 2.5 - 12 vol % (Isopropanol)

### 9.2. Other information

VOC content	: 10 %
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## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1. Reactivity

Stable at ambient temperature and under normal conditions of use. Do not heat above 80 °C (176 °F).

### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable at standard temperature and pressure.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Heat. Open flame.

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizers.

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Under conditions of fire this material may produce: Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>).

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity : Not classified

Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0)	
LD50 oral rat	4396 mg/kg
LD50 dermal rat	12800 mg/kg
LD50 dermal rabbit	12870 mg/kg
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	72.6 mg/l (Exposure time: 4 h)

Sodium lauryl sulfate (151-21-3)	
LD50 oral rat	1288 mg/kg
LD50 dermal rabbit	580 mg/kg
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	> 3900 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Exposure time: 1 h)

Skin corrosion/irritation : Not classified

Serious eye damage/irritation : Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitization : Not classified

Germ cell mutagenicity : Not classified

Carcinogenicity : Not classified

Reproductive toxicity : Not classified

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) : Not classified

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) : Not classified

Aspiration hazard : Not classified

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1. Toxicity

<b>Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0)</b>	
LC50 fishes 1	9640 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [flow-through])
EC50 Daphnia 1	13299 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)
EC50 other aquatic organisms 1	> 1000 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Desmodesmus subspicatus)
LC50 fish 2	11130 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [static])
EC50 other aquatic organisms 2	> 1000 mg/l (Exposure time: 72 h - Species: Desmodesmus subspicatus)

<b>Sodium lauryl sulfate (151-21-3)</b>	
LC50 fishes 1	8 - 12.5 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [static])
EC50 Daphnia 1	1.8 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)
EC50 other aquatic organisms 1	53 mg/l (Exposure time: 72 h - Species: Desmodesmus subspicatus)
<b>Sodium lauryl sulfate (151-21-3)</b>	
LC50 fish 2	15 - 18.9 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [static])
EC50 other aquatic organisms 2	30 - 100 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Desmodesmus subspicatus)

### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

<b>VisionAid Rainbow Lens Cleaner</b>	
Persistence and degradability	Product is biodegradable.

### 12.3. Bio accumulative potential

<b>VisionAid Rainbow Lens Cleaner</b>	
Bio accumulative potential	Not expected to bioaccumulate.



## Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0)

Log Pow	0.05 (at 25 °C)
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## Sodium lauryl sulfate (151-21-3)

BCF fish 1	(will not bioconcentrate)
Log Pow	1.6

### 12.4. Mobility in soil

No additional information available

### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No additional information available

### 12.6. Other adverse effects

No additional information available

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Sewage disposal recommendations : Do not dispose of waste into sewer.

Waste disposal recommendations : Dispose of waste material in accordance with all local, regional, national, and international regulations.

Additional information : Empty containers may be recycled after cleaning.

## SECTION 14: Transport information

### 14.1. UN number

No dangerous good in sense of transport regulations.

### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

Not applicable

### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Not applicable

### 14.4. Packing group

Not applicable

### 14.5. Environmental hazards

No other information

### 14.6. Special precautions for user

No supplementary information available.

#### 14.6.1. Overland transport

No additional information available

## 14.6.2. Transport by sea

No additional information available

## 14.6.3. Air transport

No additional information available

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1. United States Federal Regulations

SARA 302 components : No ingredients are subject to reporting

SARA 313 components : Isopropyl Alcohol (CAS: 67-63-0)

#### 15.1.1. Specific State Regulations

Massachusetts Right to Know : Isopropyl Alcohol (CAS: 67-63-0)

New Jersey Right to Know : Isopropyl Alcohol (CAS: 67-63-0)

Pennsylvania Right to Know : Isopropyl Alcohol (CAS: 67-63-0)

California Prop 65 components : This product does not contain any chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or any other reproductive harm.

California ARB classification : Anti-Static Product. Meets California BOV requirements

VOC content : 10%

## SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of H- + P- Phrases

H227	Combustible Liquid
H303	Harmful if swallowed
H313	Causes skin irritation
H320	Causes serious eye irritation
H333	May cause respiratory irritation
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness
P305	If in eyes: rinse cautiously with water for several minutes
P351	Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do
P338	Continue rinsing for several minutes
P337+P313	If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention

*This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.*